

# INTERNATIONAL MERCHANDISE TRADE STATISTICS



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## Preface

This International Merchandise Trade Statistics (IMTS) Monthly Digest presents statistics on Botswana's total imports and exports of goods during February 2019 and follows the January 2019 digest that was released in March 2019.

In February 2019, total imports were valued at P6, 206.2 million while total exports were valued at P3, 178.7 million, resulting in a trade deficit of P3, 027.5 million. Total imports for February increased by 33.3 percent compared to the revised January 2019 value of P4, 656.3 million. Diamonds contributed the most to total imports at 39.9 percent, followed by Vehicles & Transport Equipment with 10.4 percent while Food, Beverages & Tobacco and Machinery & Electrical Equipment contributed 10.2 percent each. Total exports for February 2019 show a decline of 33.5 percent when compared to the revised value (P 4, 783.2 million) of January 2019. Most of the contribution was attributed to Diamonds at 88.9 percent, followed by Machinery & Electrical Equipment and Salt & Soda Ash with 3.4 percent and 1.4 percent respectively.

Southern African Customs Union **(SACU)** was the main source of imports into Botswana during February 2019. Within the **SACU** region, South Africa was the largest contributor to Botswana total imports, having contributed 47.6 percent during the period. Food, Beverages & Tobacco and Fuel dominated imports from South Africa by contributing 20.2 percent and 16.0 percent respectively. Other commodities from South Africa that contributed significantly were Machinery & Electrical Equipment and Chemicals & Rubber Products at 15.3 percent and 13.8 percent respectively. Namibia contributed 10.2 percent to total imports, Diamonds dominated imports from that country at 96.4 percent.

During February 2019, total exports dropped by 33.5 percent compared to the January 2019 revised value of P4, 783.2 million. The major contributor to the decline in exports value was the Diamond group, which recorded a decrease of P1, 789.2 million (40.5 percent) from the revised value of P4, 414.8 million in January 2019 to P2, 625.5 million in February 2019. The major destinations at regional level for Botswana exports were Asia, **SACU** and the European Union **(EU)** with a share of 52.6 percent, 23.3 percent and 18.8 percent respectively, during the period under review.

For more information contact the Directorate of Stakeholder Relations at 3671300. All Statistics Botswana publications are available on the website at www.statsbots.org.bw, and at the Statistics Botswana Information Resource Centre (Head-Office, Gaborone).

I sincerely thank all stakeholders involved in the formulation of this monthly digest, for their continued support and feedback, as we strive to better serve users of Statistics Botswana products and services.

Dr Burton S. Mguni Statistician General April 2019

#### 1.0 TOTAL TRADE

Total Merchandise trade as presented in this section refers to imports, domestic exports, re-exports and trade balance. Discussions are based on February 2019, which is also referred to as the reference period, month under review or the current month throughout the digest.

#### 1.1 Data Revision

**Table A** presents revised data from December 2018 to January 2019, comparing figures as at the January 2019 Digest and the current situation.

The current data revision is mainly associated with transactions related to late tax assessment. Though transactions can be lodged with customs and related duties paid accordingly, further assessment is undertaken to ensure that the duties paid for the imported commodities are correct. These assessments include any other validation or examination of goods found necessary by customs.

After all the necessary assessments have been completed, the goods are cleared and records of associated transactions released to Statistics Botswana for compilation of **IMTS**. Compilation of **IMTS** is based on the date that goods crossed the border and not the date of final assessment, therefore data for records with late assessment update trade for the month during which transactions were initially lodged with customs. The date of lodgement of transactions is used as a proxy for the date of crossing the border as per guidelines in **IMTS 2010 Concepts and Definitions**.

It has been observed that transactions for December 2018 to January 2019 had late assessments which were finalised during February 2019, hence the need to show data revision for the affected months.

January 2019 exports show a positive revision of P605.1 million which represents 14.5 percent. This revision is mainly associated with diamond exports, which were revised from P3, 815.3 million at the time of compilation of the January 2019 digest to P4, 414.8 million during February 2019, which is a revision of 15.7 percent (P599.5 million). This revision has resulted in a trade surplus of P126.9 million instead of the trade deficit of P 469.1 million reported in the January 2019 Digest. Statistics Botswana is working with the data source to minimise late assessments in order to avoid these huge revisions and to improve on timeliness.

Table A: Data Revision December 2018 to January 2019 (Million Pula)

		As at January 2019 Digest			As at Fel	bruary 201	9 Digest		Difference	,	Difference as %			
		Imports (CIF)	Total Exports	Trade Balance	Imports (CIF)	Total Exports	Trade Balance	Imports (CIF)	Total Exports	Trade Balance	Imports (CIF)	Total Exports	Trade Balance	
D	ec_18	4,604.5	7,218.7	2,614.2	4,608.8	7,219.1	2,610.3	4.3	0.4	(3.9)	0.1	0.0	(0.2)	
J	an_19	4,647.2	4,178.1	(469.1)	4,656.3	4,783.2	126.9	9.0	605.1	596.0	0.2	14.5	(127.1)	

<sup>( )</sup> Denotes negative numbers

Discussions on **Sub-Sections 1.2** to **1.4** are based on **Table 1**.

## 1.2 Imports

Discussions on imports are based on Cost, Insurance and Freight (CIF) value and associated figures are presented in Table 1 and Table 2.1. During February 2019, total imports were valued at P6, 206.2 million showing an increase of 33.3 percent (P1, 549.9 million) from the revised January 2019 value of P4, 656.3 million. This increase was mainly attributed to the rise in imports of Diamonds. Diamonds increased by more than 100 percent (P1, 673.1 million) from P800.3 million to P2, 473.4 million during the period under review.

Imports value for February 2019, compared to the similar month in 2018 shows an increase of 20.6 percent (P1, 060.3 million), from P5, 145.9 million recorded during February 2018 to P6, 206.2 million recorded during February 2019. This was mainly attributed to an increase of 54.8 percent (P875.6 million) in the value of Diamonds from P1, 597.8 recorded during February 2018 to P2, 473.4 in February 2019. Vehicle & Transport Equipment imports also increased by P173.2 million (36.6 percent) from P473.5 million during February 2018 to P646.7 million in February 2019. Metal & Metal Products contributed significantly to an increase in total imports, after recording an increase of P76.4 million, representing a rise of 18.0 percent from P424.7 million during February 2018 to P501.1 million in the current period.

## 1.3 Total Exports

During February 2019, total exports were valued at P3, 178.7 million, showing a decline of 33.5 percent (P1, 604.5 million) from the revised January 2019 value of P4, 783.2 million. The decrease was mainly due to Diamonds, having recorded a fall of 36.0 percent (P1, 588.7 million) from P4, 414.8 million in January 2019 to P2, 826.1 million during the current period (Table 2.2).

Comparison of total exports value for February 2019 and February 2018 shows a decrease of 10.1 percent (P356.1 million) from P3, 534.8 million to P3, 178.1 million. The fall was mainly due to the decrease in Diamonds exports, having declined by 5.6 percent (P167.2 million) from P2, 993.2 million in February 2018 to P2, 826.1 million in February 2019 (Table 2.2).

#### 1.4 Trade Balance

Botswana recorded a trade deficit of P3, 027.5 million during February 2019, following the revised trade surplus of P126.9 million recorded in January 2019 (Table 1).

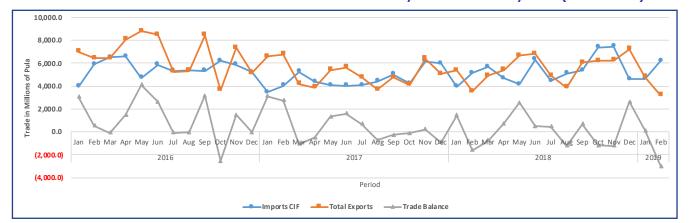


Chart 1.1: Total International Merchandise Trade – January 2016 to February 2019 (Million Pula)

#### 2.0 TRADE BY PRINCIPAL COMMODITY GROUPS

Principal commodity groups refer to selections of related commodities grouped together to form major groups. Commodities forming a group may be of related chapters, for example; "Machinery & Electrical Equipment" which combines machines and electrical appliances; "Vehicles & Transport Equipment" which combines vehicles and other equipment used for transport purposes.

In some cases it becomes a challenge to come up with further groups of related chapters or commodities. This occurs when commodity groups' contributions to the total remain minimal. In such cases, the commodities are grouped together under the general category called "Other".

## 2.1 Principal Imports

Imports by Principal Commodity Groups together with associated percentage distributions, appear in **Table 2.1**, covering January 2016 to February 2019. Percentage distributions are however only shown for totals for 2017, 2018 as well as January 2019 and February 2019. **Chart 2.1** gives graphical presentation of Principal Import Commodity Groups for January 2019.

During February 2019, composition of imports by principal commodity groups shows that Diamonds contributed the most to total imports at 39.9 percent, followed by Vehicles & Transport Equipment with 10.4 percent, while Food, Beverages & Tobacco and Machinery & Electrical Equipment contributed 10.2 percent each. Fuel and Salt Ores & Related Products made contributions of 8.5 percent and 8.1 percent respectively.

Percentage distributions for other commodity groups during February 2019 can be viewed in **Table 2.1** and on **Chart 2.1**.

40.0 35.0 8 30.0 25.0 20.0 10.4 10.2 10.2 15.0 8.1 4.3 10.0 4.3 5.0 0.0 **Principal Commodities** 

Chart 2.1: Principal Imports Composition – February 2019

Note: Other Goods include all Other Goods not specified as in Table 2.1; VTE= Vehicles & Transport Equipment, MEE= Machinery & Electrical Equipment, CRP= Chemicals & Rubber Products

## 2.2 Principal Exports

Total exports for February 2019, were valued at P3, 178.7 million, with 88.9 percent (P2, 826.1 million) attributed to exports of Diamonds, followed by Machinery & Electrical Equipment and Salt & Soda Ash with 3.4 percent (P108.6 million) and 1.4 percent (P44.3 million) respectively. Meat & Meat Products and Gold contributed 1.2 percent (P39.3 million) and 1.0 percent (P32.2 million) respectively.

Percentage distributions for major export groups can be observed in Table 2.2, while Chart 2.2 gives graphical presentation for February 2019.

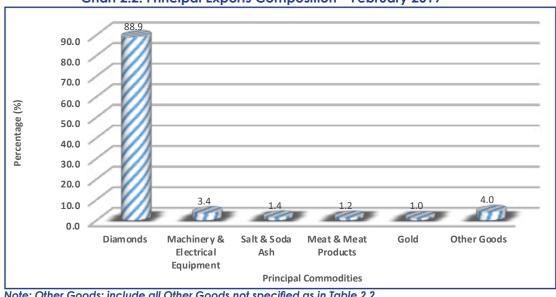


Chart 2.2: Principal Exports Composition – February 2019

Note: Other Goods: include all Other Goods not specified as in Table 2.2

#### 3.0 DIRECTION OF TRADE

Direction of trade gives imports by source while exports are presented by last known destination. Only major trading partners are considered individually, while smaller trading partners are grouped together under a general category. Data by major trading partner countries, regions and principal commodity groups for imports and exports, during January 2019 appear in **Table 3.1A** and **Table 3.2A** respectively. **Table 3.1B** (imports) and **Table 3.2B** (exports) display percentage distributions for major sources and destinations respectively, by principal commodity groups during the same month.

#### 3.1 Imports by Major Trading Partner Countries and Regions

Discussions that follow relate to imports by source at both regional and partner country level as displayed on **Chart 3.1** and tables **3.1A** & **B**.

The Southern African Customs Union **(SACU)** was the major source of imports into Botswana, accounting for 58.0 percent (P3, 601.9 million) of total imports during February 2019. Within the **SACU** region South Africa was the largest source of imports with a contribution of 47.6 percent (P2, 756.9 million) during the month under review. Namibia contributed 10.2 percent (P633.1 million) worth of imports.

Food, Beverages & Tobacco and Fuel were the major commodities imported from South Africa with contributions of 20.2 percent (P597.9 million) and 16.0 percent (P472.4 million) respectively, of total imports from that country (Table 3.1 B) during the month under review. Machinery & Electrical Equipment and Chemicals & Rubber Products followed with contributions of 15.3 percent (P452.0 million) and 13.8 percent (P408.4 million) respectively to total imports from that country.

Asia was the second largest source of imports, having provided goods valued at P830.7 million, representing 13.4 percent of total imports during the same month. India, Hong Kong and Russian Federation were the main sources of imports from Asia having contributed 5.8 percent (P360.7 million), 2.2 percent (P137.7 million) and 2.1 percent (P130.2 million of total imports during February 2019. China followed with a contribution of 1.3 percent (P82.1 million). The major commodity imported from Asia during the current period was the Diamonds group, at 62.1 percent (P515.9 million) of all the goods coming from the regional block. Machinery & Electrical Equipment and Chemicals & Rubber Products also made significant contributions to imports coming from that region , having contributed 10.3 percent (P85.2 million) and 8.3 percent (P68.7 million) respectively.

The European Union **(EU)** supplied imports valued at P530.7 million, representing 8.6 percent of total imports during February 2019. France and Belgium were the main sources of imports from **EU**, having contributed 3.7 percent (P228.8 million) and 3.5 percent (P216.3 million) respectively, to total imports during the month.

Imports from Canada were valued at P1, 145.7 million, representing 18.5 percent of total imports during the period under review. The imports from Canada comprised mainly of "Unsorted Diamonds", with a contribution of 98.6 percent (P1, 130.2 million) to total imports from the country.

**Chart 3.1** gives the graphical presentation of imports by major trading partner countries and regions during February 2019.

Chart 3.1: Imports by Major Trading Partner Countries – February 2019

## 3.2 Exports by Major Trading Partner Countries and Regions

Discussions under this sub-section are based on Chart 3.2 and tables 3.2 A & 3.2 B.

During February 2019, Asia was the major destination for Botswana exports having received 52.6 percent (P1, 673.2 million) of total exports (P3, 178.1 million). India, the United Arab Emirates (**UAE**) and Singapore received 18.6 percent (P591.7 million), 12.5 percent (P398.7 million) and 9.8 percent (P311.1 million) respectively, of total exports. Hong Kong, Israel, and Vietnam followed with 6.0 percent (P192.0 million), 3.7 percent (P118.7 million) and 1.9 percent (P60.9 million) respectively. The major commodity group exported to Asia during the current period was the Diamonds group, at 99.9 percent (P1, 671.5 million) of all goods destined to the regional block.

The **SACU** region received exports valued at P740.7 million, representing 23.3 percent of total exports during February 2019. South Africa and Namibia were the main destinations for exports to the **SACU** region, having received exports accounting to 11.7 percent (P373.5 million) and 11.5 percent (P366.2 million of total exports respectively, during the month under review. The Diamonds group was the main commodity exported to South Africa and Namibia during the current period, at 41.3 percent (P154.1 million) and 94.5 percent (P346.0 million) of all the goods destined to the respective countries.

Exports destined to the **EU** region were valued at P596.2 million, representing 18.8 percent of total exports during February 2019. Belgium was the main destination for exports to the European countries having received 17.8 percent (P564.8 million) of total exports during the month under review. Exports to Belgium consisted of Diamonds only.

The United States of America (USA) received 2.2 percent (P71.1 million) of total exports during the month under review. Exports to the USA consisted mainly of Diamonds at 99.2 percent (P70.5 million) of total exports destined to that country during the month under review

Other destinations for exports can be observed in tables **3.2 A** and **3.2 B**. **Chart 3.2** gives the graphical presentation of exports by major destinations for February 2019.

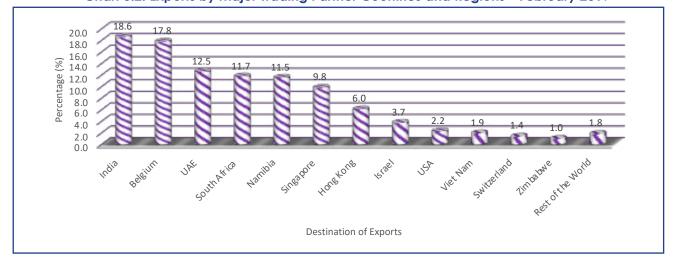


Chart 3.2: Exports by Major Trading Partner Countries and Regions – February 2019

## 4.0 Imports and Exports by Mode of Transport

The mode of transport here refers to the means of transporting goods in and out of the country. The modes of transport that are mainly used in Botswana for international merchandise trade are Road, Air and Rail. Statistics relating to mode of transport is presented in **Table B**, while the graphical presentation is given in **Chart B**.

During February 2019, 48.0 percent (P2, 978.4 million) of total imports, were transported by road. Air and Rail transport accounted for 41.1 percent (P2, 550.0 million) and 10.9 percent (P675.1 million) respectively.

Botswana exports mainly use Air as means of transport. This is because the value of exports is highly influenced by the value of diamonds, which are transported by Air. Air Transport accounted for 91.5 percent (P2, 910.0 million) of total exports during February 2019. Road transport accounted for 8.1 percent (P256.8 million) of total exports during the month under review (Table B).

Table B: Imports and Total Exports by Mode of Transport – February 2019 (Million Pula)

Flow Type	Impo	rts	Expo	orts
Mode of Transport \ HS	Value	%	Value	%
Rail Transport	675.14	10.88	10.95	0.3
Road Transport	2,978.43	47.99	256.76	8.1
Air Transport	2,550.01	41.09	2,910.00	91.5
Others	2.59	0.04	1.00	0.0
Total	6,206.2	100.0	3,178.7	100.0

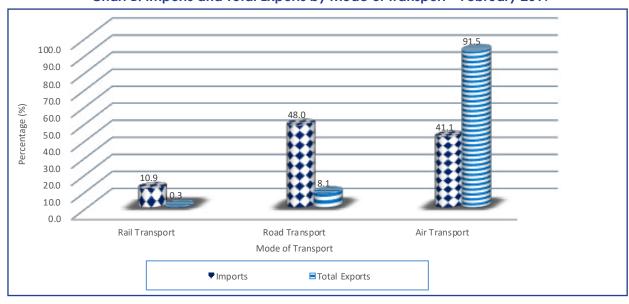


Chart B: Imports and Total Exports by Mode of Transport – February 2019

Table 1: Total Merchandise Trade – January 2016 to February 2019 (Million Pula)

Tuble 1. Tok					510diy 2017 (14			
Flow Type	Imports CIF	Imports FOB	Freight	Insurance	Domestic Exports	Re-Exports		Trade Balance
Jan_2016	3,967.5	3,772.7	194.0	0.8	6,896.3	118.0	7,014.3	3,046.9
Feb	5,914.1	5,698.3	215.2	0.7	6,289.0	149.5	6,438.6	524.5
Mar	6,498.9	6,237.7	260.2	0.9	6,270.4	162.0	6,432.4	(66.4)
Q1	16,380.5	15,708.6	669.4	2.4	19,455.8	429.5	19,885.3	3,504.9
Apr	6,600.9	6,354.5	244.8	1.6	7,854.2	221.6	8,075.8	1,474.9
May	4,713.4	4,474.5	238.1	0.8	8,634.2	178.2	8,812.4	4,099.0
Jun	5,880.4	5,635.0	243.4	2.0	8,169.5	331.3	8,500.8	2,620.4
Q2	17,194.7	16,464.0	726.3	4.4	24,657.9	731.0	25,389.0	8,194.2
Jul	5,330.4	5,107.7	221.1	1.7	5,025.1	238.4	5,263.4	(67.0)
Aug	5,357.6	5,110.9	245.7	0.9	5,104.5	211.1	5,315.7	(41.9)
Sep	5,331.1	5,088.9	241.1	1.0	8,254.3	220.4	8,474.8	3,143.7
Q3	16,019.1	15,307.5	707.9	3.6	18,384.0	669.9	19,053.9	3,034.8
Oct	6,220.7	5,967.3	252.5	1.0	3,371.8	287.8	3,659.6	(2,561.1)
Nov	5,847.9	5,597.7	249.0	1.2	7,125.9	208.5	7,334.4	1,486.4
Dec	5,205.6	4,956.3	216.3	33.0	4,967.4	190.1	5,157.5	(48.1)
Q4	17,274.2	16,521.2	717.7	35.2	15,465.1	686.4	16,151.5	(1,122.8)
Total_2016	66,868.5	64,001.4	2,821.4	45.6	77,962.8	2,516.9	80,479.6	13,611.1
Jan_2017	3,459.3	3,296.1	161.7	1.4	6,388.4	202.8	6,591.2	3,131.9
Feb	4,040.7	3,867.1	172.6	1.0	6,751.8	11.2	6,762.9	2,722.3
Mar	5,254.4	5,031.0	220.8	2.6	4,066.1	117.4	4,183.5	(1,071.0)
Q1	12,754.4	12,194.2	555.1	5.0	17,206.3	331.3	17,537.6	4,783.2
Apr	4,386.0	4,232.2	152.6	1.3	3,891.2	0.0	3,891.2	(494.8)
May	4,081.6	3,919.1	161.2	1.3	5,410.3	0.5	5,410.8	1,329.3
Jun	4,023.6	3,866.3	156.1	1.1	5,629.3	0.2	5,629.4	1,605.9
Q2	12,491.2	12,017.6	469.8	3.7	14,930.8	0.7	14,931.5	2,440.3
Jul	4,082.8	3,909.8	171.9	1.1	4,751.8	0.4	4,752.1	669.4
Aug	4,417.0	4,238.8	177.3	1.0	3,700.9	1.9	3,702.8	(714.2)
Sep	5,032.4	4,835.9	195.6	1.0	4,752.6	1.8	4,754.4	(278.0)
Q3	13,532.2	12,984.4	544.7	3.0	13,205.3	4.0	13,209.4	(322.9)
Oct	4,226.4	4,017.8	207.1	1.6	4,103.9	5.1	4,109.1	(117.4)
Nov	6,155.5	5,925.9	228.6	1.0	6,386.3	4.7	6,391.0	235.5
	5,960.8	5,747.4	212.0	1.5	5,043.9	3.2	5,047.1	(913.7)
Dec								
Q4 Total_2017	16,342.7 54,827.8	15,691.0 52,595.2	2 214 7	4.1 15.9	15,534.1 59,593.4	231.2	15,547.1 59,824.6	(795.6) 4,996.8
			2,216.7					
Jan_2018	3,939.5	3,755.2	183.4	0.9	5,363.7	0.1	5,363.8	1,424.4
Feb	5,145.9	4,952.2	192.5	1.2	3,533.5	1.3	3,534.8	(1,611.1)
Mar	5,667.9	5,460.1	206.6	1.2	4,893.5	2.9	4,896.4	(771.5)
Q1	14,753.2	14,167.5	582.4	3.3	13,790.8	4.3	13,795.0	(958.2)
Apr	4,673.5	4,491.8	180.8	1.0	5,407.2	1.6	5,408.8	735.3
May	4,142.3	3,936.1	205.2	1.0	6,663.4	8.2	6,671.7	2,529.3
Jun	6,337.1	6,136.1	200.1	0.8	6,817.0	0.0	6,817.0	480.0
Q2	15,153.0	14,564.0	586.2	2.8	18,887.7	9.8	18,897.5	3,744.6
Jul	4,450.3	4,258.3	190.9	1.0	4,908.0	1.5	4,909.5	459.2
Aug	5,085.8	4,860.2	224.6	1.0	3,863.8	0.2	3,863.9	(1,221.9)
Sep	5,386.0	5,163.8	220.7	1.6	6,057.4	0.5	6,057.8	671.8
Q3	14,922.1	14,282.3	636.2	3.6	14,829.1	2.1	14,831.2	(90.9)
Oct	7,392.3	7,146.0	244.9	1.4	6,212.7	2.3	6,215.0	(1,177.3)
Nov	7,450.0	7,189.1	258.6	2.2	6,231.4	0.7	6,232.1	(1,217.9)
Dec	4,608.8	4,377.3	230.4	1.1	7,219.1	0.0	7,219.1	2,610.3
Q4	19,451.1	18,712.5	733.9	4.7	19,663.2	3.0	19,666.2	215.1
Total_2018	64,279.5	61,726.3	2,538.7	14.4	67,170.7	19.3	67,190.0	2,910.5
Jan_2019	4,656.3	4,431.9	223.1	1.3	4,783.2	0.0	4,783.2	126.9
Feb	6,206.2	6,001.6	203.3	1.2	3,174.7	4.1	3,178.7	(3,027.5)

Table 2.1: Principal Import Commodity Groups – January 2016 to February 2019 (Million Pula)

Flow Type	Chemicals & Rubber Products	Diamonds	Food Beverages & Tobacco	Fuel	Furniture	Machinery & Electrical Equipment	Metal & Metal Products	Salt Ores & Related Products	Textile & Footwear	Vehicles & Transport Equipment	Wood & Paper Products	Other Goods	Total Goods
Jan_2016	343.8	955.9	516.7	542.3	29.1	566.1	203.3	158.7	94.5	311.2	111.4	134.4	3,967.5
Feb	468.7	2,430.1	584.4	549.5	47.8	664.0	253.5	168.6	145.1	341.9	108.1	152.5	5,914.1
Mar	466.6	2,259.2	580.7	1,002.6	50.4	717.0	292.5	156.6	169.0	421.4	116.3	266.5	6,498.9
Q1	1,279.1	5,645.2	1,681.9	2,094.4	127.2	1,947.1	749.4	483.9	408.5	1,074.5	335.8	553.4	16,380.5
Apr	770.9	2,323.0	536.2	618.1	57.1	836.5	292.7	205.8	172.3	502.8	145.4	140.3	6,600.9
May	479.7	638.4	556.7	1,025.2	64.3	761.4	247.1	153.5	147.0	343.9	124.9	171.3	4,713.4
Jun	554.6	1,542.9	605.5	1,133.0	70.6	761.4	226.4	141.2	132.1	404.3	140.5	167.8	5,880.4
Q2	1,805.2	4,504.3	1,698.4	2,776.3	191.9	2,359.2	766.1	500.5	451.5	1,251.0	410.9	479.4	17,194.7
Jul	799.7	1,379.7	572.2	671.4	56.7	710.5	236.4	72.1	149.8	377.9	119.1	184.8	5,330.4
Aug	525.2	1,117.0	680.6	622.8	58.2	843.3 783.0	261.7	131.6	196.3	496.3	140.5	284.0	5,357.6
Sep <b>Q3</b>	505.4 <b>1,830.3</b>	1,155.9 <b>3,652.6</b>	675.4 <b>1,928.3</b>	611.4 <b>1,905.6</b>	69.9 <b>184.8</b>	2,336.7	264.7 <b>762.8</b>	127.0 <b>330.7</b>	181.6 <b>527.7</b>	642.7 <b>1,516.9</b>	136.4 <b>396.0</b>	177.7 <b>646.5</b>	5,331.1 <b>16,019.1</b>
Oct	623.7	1,907.0	725.6	631.5	79.3	895.5	279.3	86.0	191.4	436.8	158.5	206.1	6,220.7
Nov	556.4	1,544.8	807.7	620.7	74.7	922.8	280.6	57.2	213.7	399.7	151.6	218.0	5,847.9
Dec	464.8	1,651.4	636.7	622.5	57.5	725.2	206.3	48.0	143.2	354.3	137.5	158.2	5,205.6
Q4	1,645.0	5,103.1	2,169.9	1,874.7	211.5	2,543.5	766.3	191.2	548.4	1,190.8	447.6	582.2	17,274.2
Total 2016	6,559.6	18,905.3	7,478.4	8,651.1	715.5	9,186.6	3,044.7	1,506.3	1,936.2	5,033.2	1,590.1	2,261.5	66,868.5
Jan_2017	322.9	707.2	543.1	677.4	33.8	489.4	155.5	28.9	97.1	211.1	97.5	95.4	3,459.3
Feb	399.1	885.6	552.4	563.0	56.1	602.6	238.3	46.8	152.6	277.1	115.7	151.5	4,040.7
Mar	332.3	1,727.2	579.2	808.6	48.2	708.8	167.9	33.0	176.6	413.2	102.2	157.1	5,254.4
Q1	1,054.4	3,320.0	1,674.7	2,049.0	138.1	1,800.9	561.7	108.6	426.2	901.4	315.4	403.9	12,754.4
Apr	321.7	1,590.5	464.4	592.9	41.4	528.4	170.7	41.9	104.6	318.2	89.1	105.4	4,369.1
May	422.9	1,139.3	526.8	559.8	53.2	486.4	188.9	40.6	132.0	285.9	104.0	124.2	4,064.0
Jun	350.1	1,256.3	514.6	527.2	48.1	464.6	185.0	37.3	84.6	275.1	97.5	166.7	4,007.2
Q2	1,094.7	3,986.1	1,505.8	1,679.9	142.7	1,479.4	544.6	119.8	321.2	879.3	290.6	396.3	12,440.3
Jul	393.0	1,000.4	530.3	571.3	50.7	555.3	220.6	49.4	130.2	290.6	112.7	178.2	4,082.8
Aug	1,081.5	514.1	573.4	627.4	65.2	594.3	209.3	43.5	152.4	267.0	131.4	157.5	4,417.0
Sep	489.9	1,500.2	603.2	589.4	52.1	716.3	215.4	45.4	134.1	389.9	125.1	171.5	5,032.4
Q3	1,964.3	3,014.8	1,706.8	1,788.2	168.0	1,865.8	645.4	138.3	416.8	947.5	369.3	507.2	13,532.2
Oct	536.3	303.9	630.9	608.9	61.4	693.6	241.7	39.2	172.7	617.2	135.4	185.3	4,226.4
Nov	543.1	1,992.4	737.1	787.7	73.5	741.9	265.1	52.7	178.9	414.8	160.7	207.5	6,155.5
Dec	483.0	1,738.9	693.0	1,185.1	67.5	665.7	218.6	43.2	128.2	403.3	138.7	195.3	5,960.8
Q4	1,562.4	4,035.2	2,061.1	2,581.7	202.4	2,101.2	725.4	135.1	479.9	1,435.3	434.9	588.2	16,342.7
Total_2017	5,675.7	14,356.1	6,948.4	8,098.8	651.2	7,247.3	2,477.1	501.8	1,644.0	4,163.5	1,410.2	1,895.5	55,069.6
Jan_2018	396.2	779.0	628.6	643.7	35.2	617.1	159.4	42.1	85.2	293.6	110.6	148.7	3,939.5
Feb	424.7	1,597.8	619.8	606.1	60.0	681.2	215.7	34.1	127.8	473.5	123.1	182.2	5,145.9
Mar	431.2	1,904.0	661.0	676.0	67.8	707.3	230.0	48.3	155.9	478.6	138.8	168.8	5,667.9
Q1	1,252.1	4,280.8	1,909.5	1,925.8	163.0	2,005.7	605.1	124.5	369.0	1,245.7	372.5	499.7	14,753.2
Apr	402.9	1,424.3	563.8	614.0	60.6	548.8	207.5	40.3	138.7	362.0	118.6	192.0	4,673.5
May	494.0	426.2	695.6	691.3	61.4	663.9	241.4	54.0	122.4	362.3	142.0	187.8	4,142.3
Jun	439.4	2,720.7	594.9	654.7	69.7	660.1	274.2	45.2	126.5	484.4	111.7	155.6	6,337.1
Q2	1,336.3	4,571.2	1,854.3	1,960.0	191.7	1,872.8	723.1	139.5	387.6	1,208.7	372.3	535.3	15,153.0
Jul	447.6	973.9	590.5	665.4	50.4	607.4	227.5	38.3	134.4	411.7	117.9	185.3	4,450.3
Aug	507.5	1,015.0	676.3	728.8 754.2	68.9 47.0	772.0 871.0	260.4	45.7 43.5	158.7	484.0	117.3	251.3	5,085.8
Sep <b>Q3</b>	494.8 <b>1,449.8</b>	1,366.6 <b>3,355.5</b>	656.0 <b>1,922.8</b>	756.2 <b>2,150.4</b>	67.0 <b>186.2</b>	871.0 <b>2,250.4</b>	257.1 <b>745.0</b>	63.5 <b>147.5</b>	163.9 <b>457.0</b>	380.8 <b>1,276.5</b>	138.6 <b>373.7</b>	170.6 <b>607.3</b>	5,386.0 <b>14,922.1</b>
Oct	604.6	2,835.3	756.6	891.4	81.8	824.1	272.4	63.8	211.5	510.0	158.2	182.6	7,392.3
Nov	601.5	2,718.3	829.6	844.9	85.2	849.4	338.5	65.8	211.3	535.1	153.3	209.6	7,372.3
Dec	478.8	370.2	641.1	741.1	61.1	620.3	225.5	48.6	141.0	529.7	148.1	603.2	4,608.8
Q4	1,684.9	5,923.8	2,227.3	2,477.4	228.1	2,293.9	836.4	178.3	571.3	1,574.8	459.6	995.4	19,451.1
Total_2018	5,723.1	18,131.3	7,913.9	8,513.6	769.0	8,422.8	2,909.5	589.8	1,784.9	5,305.7	1,578.2	2,637.7	64,279.5

Table 2.1 Continued: Principal Import Commodity Groups – January 2016 to February 2019 (Million Pula)

Flow Type	Chemicals & Rubber Products	Diamonds	Food Beverages & Tobacco	Fuel	Furniture	Machinery & Electrical Equipment	Metal & Metal Products	Salt Ores & Related Products	Textile & Footwear	Vehicles & Transport Equipment	Wood & Paper Products	Other Goods	Total Goods
Jan_2019	441.6	800.3	690.8	589.5	47.3	614.5	240.0	50.9	95.8	763.6	103.3	218.7	4,656.3
Feb	501.1	2,473.4	633.4	529.3	56.8	632.2	265.5	47.4	137.5	646.7	119.6	163.3	6,206.2
2017	10.3	26.1	12.6	14.7	1.2	13.2	4.5	0.9	3.0	7.6	2.6	3.4	100.0
2018	8.9	28.2	12.3	13.2	1.2	13.1	4.5	0.9	2.8	8.3	2.5	4.1	100.0
Jan_2019	9.5	17.2	14.8	12.7	1.0	13.2	5.2	1.1	2.1	16.4	2.2	4.7	100.0
Feb	8.1	39.9	10.2	8.5	0.9	10.2	4.3	0.8	2.2	10.4	1.9	2.6	100.0

Table 2.2 Principal Export Commodity Groups –January 2016 to February 2019 (Million Pula)

Flow Type	Copper & Nickel	Diamonds	Gold	Hides & Skins	Iron & Steel Products	Machinery & Electrical Equipment	Meat & Meat Products	Plastic & Plastic Products	Salt & Soda Ash	Textile & Footwear	Vehicles & Transport Equipment	Other Goods	Total Goods
Jan_2016	436.3	6,092.3	38.7	2.8	16.8	171.6	42.4	21.1	53.9	19.7	52.9	66.0	7,014.3
Feb	448.5	5,453.9	46.3	5.3	19.0	166.0	85.0	25.2	47.9	20.8	28.6	92.1	6,438.6
Mar	323.8	5,456.9	62.8	8.0	10.5	217.6	136.1	20.6	42.3	21.5	38.2	94.1	6,432.4
Q1	1,208.6	17,003.1	147.8	16.0	46.4	555.3	263.4	66.9	144.1	61.9	119.8	252.1	19,885.3
Apr	264.7	7,251.1	30.8	4.4	13.5	179.2	109.3	23.5	45.5	22.9	46.9	83.9	8,075.8
May	265.7	7,950.4	17.5	5.7	18.0	191.1	71.5	24.6	52.8	30.1	60.5	124.6	8,812.4
Jun <b>Q2</b>	302.7 <b>833.0</b>	7,539.0 <b>22,740.6</b>	56.6 <b>105.0</b>	7.8 <b>17.9</b>	24.2 <b>55.7</b>	215.1 <b>585.5</b>	113.0 <b>293.8</b>	26.6 <b>74.7</b>	31.4 <b>129.7</b>	71.2	63.7 <b>171.0</b>	102.4 <b>311.0</b>	8,500.8 <b>25,389.0</b>
Jul	170.7	4,516.1	27.8	5.8	30.4	175.1	95.6	24.4	62.8	17.0	39.9	97.8	5,263.4
Aug	181.5	4,547.6	30.4	6.9	16.7	170.1	119.5	26.0	73.7	27.1	34.3	82.0	5,315.7
Sep	183.2	7,660.0	31.4	6.0	15.4	178.9	108.6	28.6	70.9	21.5	69.3	100.9	8,474.8
Q3	535.4	16,723.7	89.5	18.7	62.4	524.1	323.7	79.0	207.4	65.6	143.5	280.8	19,053.9
Oct	51.9	2,964.2	28.0	4.4	49.2	165.3	136.6	31.7	78.3	27.3	36.2	86.4	3,659.6
Nov	1.1	6,727.5	30.7	6.8	17.7	181.5	68.8	32.8	92.5	32.6	33.1	109.3	7,334.4
Dec	0.6	4,764.8	23.4	4.4	11.8	54.3	61.5	17.0	67.0	27.1	25.4	100.1	5,157.5
Q4	53.7	14,456.5	82.2	15.6	78.7	401.1	266.8	81.6	237.8	86.9	94.7	295.9	16,151.5
Total_2016	2,630.7	70,923.8	424.4	68.3	243.1	2,066.0	1,147.8	302.1	719.0	285.6	529.0	1,139.8	80,479.6
Jan_2017	1.1	5,924.3	30.1	2.6	8.6	209.9	31.8	13.9	79.5	12.5	225.5	51.2	6,591.2
Feb	1.1	6,348.5	7.8	2.8	17.1	181.6	17.8	17.4	64.8	17.8	34.1	52.1	6,762.9
Mar	0.2	3,811.3	34.1	4.5	10.4	136.8	34.3	21.6	35.9	12.2	25.2	57.0	4,183.5
Q1	2.4	16,084.1	72.0	9.9	36.1	528.4	84.0	53.0	180.2	42.5	284.8	160.3	17,537.6
Apr	3.4	3,556.1	28.3	2.2	14.1	95.7	45.0	9.4	41.2	14.4	25.5	56.1	3,891.2
May	6.5	4,965.7	29.6	3.9	9.1	119.5	61.1	19.4	30.0	13.1	87.6	65.0	5,410.4
Jun	5.1	5,160.8	28.3	3.8	12.8	192.8	88.6	26.6	32.5	12.9	14.3	50.9	5,629.5
Q2	15.0	13,682.6	86.1	9.9	35.9	408.0	194.8	55.3	103.7	40.4	127.4	172.0	14,931.1
Jul	9.2	4,251.1	45.3	4.0	15.9	134.3	105.8	27.4	64.7	14.6	22.9	57.0	4,752.2
Aug	1.6	3,246.3	36.4	3.3	11.7	119.4	104.0	15.5	56.9	13.7	32.9	61.1	3,702.8
Sep	3.5	4,224.2	39.1	1.7	14.5	138.8	121.1	20.4	78.8	17.7	21.0	73.7	4,754.5
Q3	14.3	11,721.5	120.8	9.0	42.1	392.4	330.9	63.4	200.4	46.0	76.8	191.8	13,209.4
Oct	4.6	3,607.5	16.0	3.0	15.0	182.0	91.7	20.4	47.6	17.9	27.4	76.1	4,109.1
Nov	3.2	5,747.1	41.1	3.0	29.1	226.1	127.6	24.6	52.0	18.1	21.3	97.7	6,391.0
Dec	1.5	4,615.8	36.1	2.8	10.5	113.5	58.5	13.5	58.2	17.1	39.6	79.9	5,047.1
Q4	9.2	13,970.4	93.2	8.8	54.5	521.5	277.8	58.5	157.8	53.1	88.3	253.8	15,547.1
Total_2017	40.9	55,458.7	372.2	37.7	168.6	1,850.3	887.5	230.2	642.1	182.0	577.2	777.9	61,225.2
Jan_2018	1.5	4,959.7	17.2	2.2	13.1	114.5	54.9	22.6	67.1	15.7	29.0	66.4	5,363.8
Feb	3.8	2,993.2	29.7	2.8	14.8	177.5	88.0	17.3	65.7	17.2	53.9	71.0	3,534.8
Mar	0.8	4,391.8	37.9	3.2	21.0	151.5	60.8	22.7	57.4	21.5	38.1	89.7	4,896.4
Q1	6.1	12,344.7	84.8	8.3	48.9	127.5	203.7	<b>62.5</b>	<b>190.1</b>	19.4	<b>121.0</b>	227.1	13,795.0
Apr	0.3 4.3	4,916.1 6,059.7	49.6 42.1	2.9 2.2	13.3 13.1	127.5 187.8	60.4 75.7	20.7 24.9	55.0 63.9	18.6 24.6	50.0 43.1	94.4 130.4	5,408.8
May Jun	14.8	6,039.7	41.8	2.2	12.8	107.0	141.2	20.8	33.9	18.2	34.1	105.6	6,671.7 6,817.0
Q2	19.3	17,253.0	133.5	7.5	39.1	429.6	277.4	66.4	152.7	61.4	127.1	330.4	18,897.5
Jul	12.0	4,436.1	42.4	1.8	10.5	137.9	75.1	11.9	62.5	16.1	24.4	79.1	4,909.5
Aug	7.3	3,256.0	43.9	1.6	12.7	185.1	120.2	23.9	64.4	14.8	28.7	105.2	3,863.9
Sep	16.0	5,297.9	28.2	0.8	9.1	231.7	79.4	22.1	240.5	19.4	30.4	82.2	6,057.8
Q3	35.3	12,990.0	114.4	4.2	32.4	554.7	274.7	57.9	367.4	50.3	83.4	266.5	14,831.2

Table 2.2 Continued: Principal Export Commodity Groups –January 2016 to February 2019 (Million Pula)

Flow Type	Copper & Nickel	Diamonds	Gold	Hides & Skins	Iron & Steel Products	Machinery & Electrical Equipment	Meat & Meat Products	Plastic & Plastic Products	Salt & Soda Ash	Textile & Footwear	Vehicles & Transport Equipment	Other Goods	Total Goods
Oct	8.0	5,477.8	37.0	1.5	15.2	195.0	62.1	33.0	64.5	23.4	143.4	154.1	6,215.0
Nov	0.8	5,596.6	44.0	0.6	12.2	194.7	66.4	18.1	58.5	25.9	98.3	116.1	6,232.1
Dec	1.8	6,747.4	37.6	0.5	8.9	120.2	85.3	8.6	51.8	18.3	34.9	103.9	7,219.1
Q4	10.6	17,821.7	118.6	2.5	36.3	509.9	213.8	59.7	174.8	67.6	276.6	374.1	19,666.2
Total_2018	71.4	60,409.5	451.3	22.5	156.7	1,937.7	969.7	246.5	885.1	233.6	608.1	1,198.1	67,190.0
Jan_2019	0.1	4,414.8	32.6	0.1	9.6	66.1	32.3	7.4	53.4	13.6	22.1	131.2	4,783.2
Feb	0.2	2,826.0	32.2	0.2	12.3	108.6	39.3	9.6	44.3	13.6	18.9	73.6	3,178.7
2017	0.1	90.6	0.6	0.1	0.3	3.0	1.4	0.4	1.0	0.3	0.9	1.3	100.0
2018	0.1	89.9	0.7	0.0	0.2	2.9	1.4	0.4	1.3	0.3	0.9	1.8	100.0
Jan_2019	0.0	92.3	0.7	0.0	0.2	1.4	0.7	0.2	1.1	0.3	0.5	2.7	100.0
Feb	0.0	88.9	1.0	0.0	0.4	3.4	1.2	0.3	1.4	0.4	0.6	2.3	100.0

Table 2.3: Diamonds Trade – January 2016 to February 2019 (Million Pula)

Flow Type			Impo	orts		,		- · · <b>/</b>	Total Ex	coorts		
Period \HS	71021000	71022100	71022900	71023100	71023900	Total	71021000	71022100	71022900	71023100	71023900	Total
Jan_2016	134.1	0.3	0.0	790.8	30.6	955.8	0.0	29.8	0.0	5,951.7	110.8	6,092.3
Feb	653.3	0.4	0.0	1,675.7	100.7	2,430.1	0.1	29.8	0.1	5,226.9	197.0	5,454.4
Mar	237.9	0.3	0.0	1,984.0	37.1	2,259.2	0.0	27.4	0.0	5,166.3	263.2	5,457.3
Q1	1,025.3	0.9	0.0	4,450.5	168.5	5,645.1	0.1	87.0	0.1	16,344.9	571.0	17,003.9
Apr	299.7	0.2	0.0	2,001.1	22.1	2,323.0	25.0	27.2	0.0	6,774.4	424.5	7,251.1
May	362.7	0.0	0.0	239.0	36.7	638.4	0.0	23.7	0.0	7,644.1	282.6	7,950.6
Jun	296.2	0.2	0.0	1,187.6	58.7	1,542.8	27.5	34.4	0.0	7,089.8	387.3	7,539.6
Q2	958.6	0.5	0.0	3,427.7	117.5	4,504.2	52.5	85.3	0.0	21,508.3	1,094.4	22,741.4
Jul	0.0	2.5	0.0	1,352.2	25.0	1,379.7	0.0	15.9	0.0	4,109.0	391.2	4,516.2
Aug	0.0	1.3	0.0	1,105.8	9.9	1,117.0	0.0	6.3	0.0	4,065.0	476.2	4,548.0
Sep	537.3	0.0	0.0	604.8	13.7	1,155.9	4.6	29.3	0.0	7,128.1	498.0	7,660.1
Q3	537.4	3.9	0.0	3,062.8	48.6	3,652.6	4.6	51.5	0.0	15,302.1	1,365.5	16,724.2
Oct	325.5	0.2	0.0	1,543.4	37.8	1,906.9	0.0	19.0	0.0	2,603.6	341.6	2,964.2
Nov	385.4	0.2	0.0	1,085.2	73.9	1,544.8	0.0	29.5	0.0	6,193.0	505.1	6,728.8
Dec	285.2	3.7	0.0	1,343.2	19.3	1,651.4	30.9	10.3	0.0	4,206.3	517.2	4,764.8
Q4	996.1	4.1	0.0	3,971.9	131.0	5,103.0	30.9	58.8	0.0	13,002.9	1,364.0	14,457.9
Total_2016	3,517.2	9.3	0.0	14,912.8	465.6	18,905.0	88.1	282.6	0.1	66,158.2	4,394.9	70,927.3
Jan_2017	538.2	0.0	0.0	138.4	30.7	707.2	0.0	24.2	0.0	5,778.2	121.9	5,924.3
Feb	0.0	0.1	0.0	871.5	14.0	885.6	6.6	20.6	0.0	5,997.4	323.9	6,348.5
Mar	296.2	4.4	0.0	1,348.2	78.4	1,727.2	3.9	12.7	0.0	3,227.3	567.3	3,811.3
Q1	834.4	4.5	0.0	2,358.1	123.1	3,320.0	10.5	57.6	0.0	15,002.9	1,013.1	16,084.1
Apr	654.5	511.5	0.0	314.8	109.7	1,590.5	0.0	29.2	0.0	3,131.2	395.8	3,556.1
May	0.0	0.0	0.0	927.6	211.7	1,139.3	20.4	270.2	0.0	4,215.8	459.3	4,965.7
Jun	974.3	0.1	0.0	97.0	184.9	1,256.3	0.0	209.0	0.0	4,582.9	368.9	5,160.8
Q2	1,628.8	511.6	0.0	1,339.3	506.3	3,986.1	20.4	508.3	0.0	11,929.9	1,224.0	13,682.6
Jul	334.2	0.0	0.0	515.4	150.9	1,000.4	0.0	204.9	0.0	3,365.1	681.0	4,251.1
Aug	311.4	0.1	0.0	71.0	131.7	514.1	0.0	128.3	0.0	2,621.9	496.0	3,246.3
Sep	0.1	1.4	0.0	1,395.2	103.4	1,500.2	0.0	13.7	0.0	3,718.4	492.1	4,224.2
Q3	645.8	1.5	0.0	1,981.6	385.9	3,014.8	0.0	347.0	0.0	9,705.4	1,669.2	11,721.5
Oct	0.0	0.0	0.0	81.6	222.3	303.9	0.0	196.5	0.0	2,936.3	474.7	3,607.5
Nov	747.7	0.7	0.0	1,072.7	171.2	1,992.4	0.0	133.9	0.0	5,001.9	611.2	5,747.1
Dec	567.2	0.0	0.0	1,089.9	81.8	1,738.9	0.0	5.7	0.0	4,020.6	589.5	4,615.8
Q4	1,315.0	0.7	0.0	2,244.3	475.3	4,035.2	0.0	336.1	0.0	11,958.8	1,675.5	13,970.4
Total_2017	4,423.9	518.3	0.0	7,923.3	1,490.6	14,356.1	30.9	1,248.9	0.0	48,597.0	5,581.8	55,458.7
Jan_2018	495.1	0.0	0.0	175.1	108.7	779.0	0.0	1.5	0.0	4,753.3	204.9	4,959.7
Feb	314.3	1.4	0.0	1,119.0	163.1	1,597.8	0.0	3.8	0.0	2,442.0	547.4	2,993.2
Mar	189.6	0.5	0.0	1,613.6	100.4	1,904.0	117.8	5.3	0.0	3,639.2	629.6	4,391.8
Q1	998.9	1.9	0.0	2,907.7	372.3	4,280.8	117.8	10.5	0.0	10,834.5	1,381.9	12,344.7
Apr	232.6	0.0	0.0	1,058.1	133.6	1,424.3	0.0	3.7	0.0	4,443.3	469.1	4,916.1
May	0.0	0.0	0.0	128.6	297.5	426.2	2.9	2.6	0.0	5,115.1	939.1	6,059.7
Jun	991.7	0.2	0.0	1,295.7	433.1	2,720.7	1.3	7.6	0.0	5,461.5	806.9	6,277.2
Q2	1,224.3	0.2	0.0	2,482.3	864.3	4,571.2	4.2	13.8	0.0	15,019.9	2,215.1	17,253.0
Jul	633.0	2.2	0.0	242.6	96.0	973.9	0.0	8.1	0.0	3,648.7	779.3	4,436.1
Aug	721.3	0.0	0.0	149.8	143.9	1,015.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2,343.0	913.0	3,256.0
Sep	227.1	0.0	0.0	892.6	247.0	1,366.6	0.2	10.0	0.0	4,636.5	651.3	5,297.9
Q3	<b>1,581.4</b> 205.7	<b>2.2</b> 0.0	0.0	2.242.1	<b>487.0</b> 387.5	<b>3,355.5</b> 2,835.3	<b>0.2</b> 5.9	<b>18.0</b> 8.7	0.0	<b>10,628.2</b> 4,609.6	<b>2,343.5</b> 853.6	<b>12,990.0</b> 5,477.8
Oct Nov	1,241.9	0.0	0.0	2,242.1 1,167.4	387.5	2,835.3	0.0	13.1	0.0		1,090.7	
	0.0	0.8	0.0	1,167.4	251.2	370.2	0.0	19.7	0.0	4,492.7 5,922.3	805.4	5,596.6 6,747.4
Dec Q4	1,447.6	0.1	0.0	3,528.5	946.9	5,923.8	5.9	41.5	0.0	15,024.6	2,749.7	17,821.7
Total_2018	5,252.2	5.3	0.0	10,203.5	2,670.4	18,131.3	128.1	83.9	0.0	51,507.3	8,690.2	60,409.5
Jan_2019	196.0	2.6	0.0	293.7	308.0	800.3	0.0	3.6	0.0	3,968.4	442.9	4,414.8
Feb	1,130.0	2.5	0.0	977.4	363.4	2,473.4	1.1	6.3	0.0	1,783.0	835.2	2,625.6
Note: 71022							1.1	0.0	0.0	1,, 00.0	555.2	2,020.0

Note: 71022100:Industrial diamonds unworked or simply sawn, cleaved or bruited; 71022900:Industrial diamonds, not mounted or set, NES;

<sup>71023100:</sup>Non-industrial diamonds unworked or simply sawn, cleaved or bruited;

<sup>71023900:</sup>Non-industrial diamonds, not mounted or set NES; 71021000:Unsorted diamonds;

Table 3.1A: Total Imports by Country, Region and Principal Import Commodity Groups – February 2019 (Million Pula)

Partner / HS	Chemicals & Rubber Products	Diamonds	Food Beverages & Tobacco	Fuel	Furniture	Machinery & Electrical Equipment	Metal & Metal Products	Salt Ores & Related Products	Textile & Footwear	Vehicles & Transport Equipment	Other Goods	Total Goods
South Africa	408.4	0.0	597.9	472.4	50.9	452.0	204.6	44.5	126.0	372.1	228.3	2,956.9
Namibia	0.8	610.4	6.0	10.3	0.2	0.7	0.3	2.5	0.3	1.0	0.5	633.1
Swaziland	0.0	0.0	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	8.8
Lesotho	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	1.9	0.1	0.1	3.0
SACU	409.3	610.4	610.7	482.8	51.5	453.1	204.9	47.0	128.2	373.2	230.8	3,601.9
Zambia	0.0	0.0	3.8	0.0	0.0	0.4	12.7	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	17.1
Zimbabwe	1.5	0.0	7.2	0.0	0.4	0.0	1.0	0.4	0.0	0.5	3.3	14.4
Mauritius	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2
Malawi	0.0	0.0	4.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.6
Congo, (Kinshasa)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.2
Other SADC	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8
SADC	411.3	610.4	626.7	482.9	51.9	454.5	220.8	47.4	128.3	373.8	234.2	3,642.3
Kenya	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	2.1
Morocco	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.1
Other Africa	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2
Africa	413.6	610.4	626.7	482.9	51.9	458.4	220.8	47.4	128.4	373.8	234.4	3,648.7
India	58.7	221.6	0.1	33.0	0.0	14.9	27.1	0.0	1.2	0.0	4.0	360.7
Hong Kong	0.0	130.3	0.0	0.0	0.2	2.8	1.8	0.0	0.2	1.2	1.2	137.7
Russian Federation	0.0	130.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	130.2
China	8.8	0.0	1.3	0.0	3.2	46.2	10.9	0.0	2.4	2.2	7.1	82.1
UAE	0.0	33.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	4.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	38.3
Japan	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	32.1	0.0	33.5
Saudi Arabia	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.0
Singapore	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	4.8	7.6
Thailand	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	6.2
Israel	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	5.8
Turkey	0.1	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	3.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.4	4.4
Korea (South)	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.1	0.0	4.3
Malaysia	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.2	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.4
Pakistan	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.0	1.7
Taiwan	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.1	2.0
Other Asia	67.7	482.1	1.4	33.0	3.5	64.0	39.7	0.0	4.2	3.5	12.6	711.5
Asia	68.7	515.9	3.0	46.2	4.0	85.2	41.2	0.0	4.4	42.0	20.1	830.7
France	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.6	2.3	0.0	0.0	220.1	0.4	228.8
Belgium	0.1	214.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	216.3
Germany	4.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.5	0.4	0.0	4.0	0.1	4.3	28.8
UK	2.1	0.0	1.1	0.2	0.0	16.3	0.0	0.0	0.2	3.4	2.9	26.2
Italy	0.6	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	5.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	6.5
Austria	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	3.9
Netherlands	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	3.5
Portugal	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.8
Romania	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.3
Sweden	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.8	0.8	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0
Cyprus	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0
Poland	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	1.9
Hungary	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.7	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.8
Czech Republic	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4
Other EU	1.1	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	6.7	2.3	0.0	0.0	220.1	0.7	231.4
EU	11.4	214.8	2.6	0.2	0.8	60.1	3.0	0.0	4.3	223.6	9.8	530.7
Canada	3.0	1,130.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	10.0	1,145.7

Table 3.1A Continued: Total Imports by Country, Region and Principal Import Commodity Groups – February 2019 (Million Pula)

Partner \ HS	Chemicals & Rubber Products	Diamonds	Food Beverages & Tobacco	Fuel	Furniture	Machinery & Electrical Equipment	Metal & Metal Products	Salt Ores & Related Products	Textile & Footwear	Vehicles & Transport Equipment	Other Goods	Total Goods
USA	3.1	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	14.5	0.3	0.0	0.4	3.4	8.4	32.2
Switzerland	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.7	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.1	5.4
Mexico	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.4	0.0	5.1
Ukraine	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5
Australia	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.1	2.3
Brazil	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1
Slovakia	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1
Others	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	501.1	2,473.4	633.4	529.3	56.8	632.2	265.5	47.4	137.5	646.7	282.9	6,206.2

Table 3.1B: Principal Imports Commodity Groups as a Percentage of Total Imports at Country and Regional Level February 2019

Partner / HS	Chemicals & Rubber Products	Diamonds	Food Beverages & Tobacco	Fuel	Furniture	Machinery & Electrical Equipment	Metal & Metal Products	Salt Ores & Related Products	Textile & Footwear	Vehicles & Transport Equipment	Other Goods	Total Goods
South Africa	13.8	0.0	20.2	16.0	1.7	15.3	6.9	1.5	4.3	12.6	7.7	100.0
Namibia	0.1	96.4	0.9	1.6	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.1	100.0
Swaziland	0.0	0.0	76.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	23.1	100.0
Lesotho	3.8	0.0	0.9	0.0	13.1	14.4	0.0	0.0	62.0	4.0	1.8	100.0
SACU	11.4	16.9	17.0	13.4	1.4	12.6	5.7	1.3	3.6	10.4	6.4	100.0
Zambia	0.2	0.0	22.2	0.0	0.0	2.5	74.2	0.0	0.2	0.5	0.3	100.0
Zimbabwe	10.3	0.0	50.1	0.0	2.9	0.2	6.7	3.1	0.3	3.3	23.1	100.0
Mauritius	35.6	0.0	3.1	0.0	0.0	61.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Malawi	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Congo, (Kinshasa)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Other SADC	0.0	0.0	50.1	20.6	0.0	25.9	3.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	100.0
SADC	11.3	16.8	17.2	13.3	1.4	12.5	6.1	1.3	3.5	10.3	6.4	100.0
Kenya	95.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	1.6	0.0	2.3	100.0
Morocco	6.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	93.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Other Africa	6.8	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	2.3	0.0	0.0	3.8	16.3	69.3	100.0
Africa	11.3	16.7	17.2	13.2	1.4	12.6	6.1	1.3	3.5	10.2	6.4	100.0
India	16.3	61.4	0.0	9.1	0.0	4.1	7.5	0.0	0.3	0.0	1.1	100.0
Hong Kong	0.0	94.6	0.0	0.0	0.2	2.0	1.3	0.0	0.2	0.9	0.9	100.0
Russian Federation	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
China	10.7	0.0	1.5	0.0	4.0	56.3	13.2	0.0	3.0	2.7	8.7	100.0
UAE	0.1	86.6	0.0	0.5	0.0	10.6	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	2.0	100.0
Japan	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	95.6	0.1	100.0
Saudi Arabia	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Singapore	0.0	0.0	9.8	0.0	0.0	6.4	0.0	0.0	0.5	20.1	63.1	100.0
Thailand	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	98.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	1.1	100.0
Israel	0.3	10.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	66.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	22.5	100.0
Turkey	1.2	0.0	17.2	0.0	0.0	70.0	0.0	0.0	1.7	0.1	9.9	100.0
Korea (South)	11.7	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.2	14.0	8.0	0.0	0.2	71.6	0.7	100.0
Malaysia	16.8	0.0	0.1	0.0	21.6	10.0	50.8	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.6	100.0
Pakistan	0.1	0.0	3.8	0.0	0.0	11.1	0.1	0.0	0.4	82.3	2.2	100.0
Taiwan	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	63.4	10.2	0.0	0.3	18.8	5.6	100.0
Other Asia	9.5	67.8	0.2	4.6	0.5	9.0	5.6	0.0	0.6	0.5	1.8	100.0
Asia	8.3	62.1	0.4	5.6	0.5	10.3	5.0	0.0	0.5	5.1	2.4	100.0
France	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.4	1.0	0.0	0.0	96.2	0.2	100.0
Belgium	0.1	99.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	100.0
Germany	16.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	53.7	1.3	0.0	13.9	0.2	14.8	100.0
UK	8.0	0.0	4.2	0.7	0.0	62.2	0.2	0.0	0.9	13.0	10.9	100.0
Italy	8.8	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	88.5	0.1	0.0	0.5	0.0	1.0	100.0
Austria	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	78.8	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	18.1	100.0
Netherlands	1.9	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	75.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.1	21.8	100.0
Portugal	4.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	94.6	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.3	100.0
Romania	20.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	78.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	100.0
Sweden	0.2	0.0	14.4	0.0	38.2	40.3	6.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.5	100.0
Cyprus	99.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Poland	0.1	0.0	42.2	0.0	0.0	48.0	1.5	0.0	0.0	1.4	6.7	100.0
Hungary	0.6	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	94.6	4.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Czech Republic	14.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	83.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.5	100.0
Other EU	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	2.9	1.0	0.0	0.0	95.1	0.3	100.0
EU	2.2	40.5	0.5	0.0	0.2	11.3	0.6	0.0	0.8	42.1	1.8	100.0
Canada	0.3	98.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	100.0

Table 3.1B Continued : Principal Imports Commodity Groups as a Percentage of Total Imports at Country and Regional Level February 2019

Partner / HS	Chemicals & Rubber Products	Diamonds	Food Beverages & Tobacco	Fuel	Furniture	Machinery & Electrical Equipment	Metal & Metal Products	Salt Ores & Related Products	Textile & Footwear	Vehicles & Transport Equipment	Other Goods	Total Goods
USA	9.7	6.6	0.1	0.0	0.0	44.9	1.0	0.0	1.1	10.5	26.0	100.0
Switzerland	4.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	86.6	1.3	0.0	0.0	5.6	2.5	100.0
Mexico	4.8	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	48.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	46.6	0.0	100.0
Ukraine	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Australia	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	45.2	1.0	0.0	0.3	50.2	2.2	100.0
Brazil	0.1	0.0	91.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Slovakia	20.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	76.2	0.0	0.0	1.9	0.0	0.0	100.0
Others	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	8.1	39.9	10.2	8.5	0.9	10.2	4.3	0.8	2.2	10.4	4.6	100.0

Table 3.2A: Total Exports by Country, Region and Principal Commodity Groups – February 2019 (Million Pula)

Partner / HS	Copper & Nickel	Diamonds	Gold	Hides & Skins	Iron & Steel Products	Machinery & Electrical Equipment	Meat & Meat Products	Plastic & Plastic Products	Salt & Soda Ash	Textiles	Vehicles & Transport Equipment	Other Goods	Total Goods
South Africa	0.2	154.1	0.0	0.0	7.4	90.5	16.3	7.8	33.1	13.2	1.9	49.1	373.5
Namibia	0.0	346.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	5.3	1.9	0.7	0.0	0.1	5.3	6.6	366.2
Lesotho	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.4
Swaziland	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.6
SACU	0.2	299.6	0.0	0.0	7.8	95.9	18.9	8.5	33.1	13.3	7.2	256.3	740.7
Zambia	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	3.3	0.0	0.5	4.8	0.2	2.0	1.8	12.9
Zimbabwe	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	6.0	0.0	0.5	6.0	0.0	8.2	8.2	30.5
Mauritius	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mozambique	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.3	1.3
Congo, (Kinshasa)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.9	2.1	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.4
Other SADC	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.6
SADC	0.2	299.6	0.0	0.0	11.5	107.2	20.3	9.6	44.3	13.6	17.7	267.6	791.5
Other Africa	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1
Africa	0.2	299.6	0.0	0.0	11.5	107.3	20.3	9.6	44.3	13.6	17.7	267.7	791.6
India	0.0	591.2	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	591.7
UAE	0.0	398.2	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	398.7
Singapore	0.0	311.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	311.1
Hong Kong	0.0	192.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	192.0
Israel	0.0	118.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	118.7
Viet Nam	0.0	60.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	60.9
Other Asia	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Asia	0.0	1,671.5	0.0	0.1	0.9	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	1,673.2
Belgium	0.0	564.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	564.8
UK	0.0	5.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	6.0	12.0
Malta	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0
Netherlands	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	17.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	17.6
Other EU	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8
EU	0.0	570.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	19.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	6.0	596.2
USA	0.0	70.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	71.1
Switzerland	0.0	10.7	32.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	43.0
Canada	0.0	2.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.8
Others	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.9
Total	0.2	2,625.6	32.2	0.2	12.3	108.6	39.3	9.6	44.3	13.6	18.9	274.0	3,178.7

Table 3.2B: Principal Exports Commodity Groups as a Percentage of Total Imports at Country and Regional Level February 2019

Regional Leve	rebioa	1, 2017											
Partner \ HS	Copper & Nickel	Diamonds	Pi 09	Hides & Skins	Iron & Steel Products	Machinery & Electrical Equipment	Meat & Meat Products	Plastic & Plastic Products	Salt & Soda Ash	Textiles	Vehicles & Transport Equipment	Other Goods	Total Goods
South Africa	0.0	41.3	0.0	0.0	2.0	24.2	4.4	2.1	8.9	3.5	0.5	13.1	100.0
Namibia	0.0	94.5	0.0	0.0	0.1	1.5	0.5	0.2	0.0	0.0	1.5	1.8	100.0
Lesotho	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	16.2	59.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.7	8.3	100.0
Swaziland	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.5	76.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	17.8	100.0
SACU	0.0	40.4	0.0	0.0	1.0	12.9	2.6	1.2	4.5	1.8	1.0	34.6	100.0
Zambia	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.3	25.4	0.0	4.0	37.4	1.4	15.7	13.8	100.0
Zimbabwe	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.8	19.6	0.0	1.7	19.8	0.0	26.9	27.1	100.0
Mauritius	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	0.0	50.0	100.0
Mozambique	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.0	0.0	93.0	100.0
Congo, (Kinshasa)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	35.7	38.7	24.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.6	100.0
Other SADC	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	58.0	3.2	34.7	2.8	100.0
SADC	0.0	37.8	0.0	0.0	1.4	13.5	2.6	1.2	5.6	1.7	2.2	33.8	100.0
Other Africa	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	14.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	85.2	100.0
Africa	0.0	37.8	0.0	0.0	1.4	13.5	2.6	1.2	5.6	1.7	2.2	33.8	100.0
India	0.0	99.9	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
UAE	0.0	99.9	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Singapore	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Hong Kong	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Israel	0.0	99.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Viet Nam	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Other Asia	0.0	0.0	0.0	84.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	15.1	100.0
Asia	0.0	99.9	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Belgium	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
UK	0.0	48.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.0	49.8	100.0
Malta	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Netherlands	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	98.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Other EU	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.6	85.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.4	0.6	100.0
EU	0.0	95.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	3.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	100.0
USA	0.0	99.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.4	100.0
Switzerland	0.0	25.0	75.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Canada	0.0	97.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.2	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Others	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	99.9	0.0	100.0
Total	0.0	82.6	1.0	0.0	0.4	3.4	1.2	0.3	1.4	0.4	0.6	8.6	100.0

#### **6.0 TECHNICAL NOTES**

IMTS are compiled by the International Merchandise Trade Statistics Section of Statistics Botswana. International Merchandise Trade refers to external trade in goods only. International Service Trade Statistics (ISTS) are however not compiled by this section. The primary source of international merchandise trade data is the Customs & Excise Division at the Botswana Unified Revenue Service (BURS). The Customs & Excise Division is responsible for data capture for both computerized and manual borders, and the monthly raw data files are transferred to Statistics Botswana for data processing.

Until the April 2009 Monthly Digest, Botswana was practicing Relaxed Special Trade Type. The Relaxed Special Trade Type takes into account goods that are exported or imported for inward or outward customs processing while the Strict Special Trade Type does not include the same. Strict Special Trade Type comprises imports for home consumption, permanent exports, re-exports and goods cleared out of warehouse (exwarehouse) only.

In June 2009, the Botswana External Trade Database was revised to cater for General Trade Type as per the United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD) recommendations. The General Trade Type gives complete coverage of external trade as compared to the Special Trade Type. As a result of this, trade reported in the monthly digests for May 2009 onwards is based on the General Trade Type.

Imports are valued CIF (cost, insurance & freight) while exports are valued FOB (free on board). The value of imports includes transport and insurance costs to the importing country. The Exports value consists only of the value of goods as they leave the exporting country.

## 6.1 Time of Recording of Trade

IMTS is compiled using date of recording of trade as opposed to date of assessment of goods by customs. This means that as goods cross the border, trade is recorded and this is the reference month for compilation of IMTS. Some of these goods may however be held by customs for some time pending final assessment for tax or duty purposes.

If the final assessment is done later, for example two or three months, or even more, after the goods had crossed the border, the affected trade will then update trade for the particular month when the goods crossed the border, therefore it does not form part of trade for the month during which the final assessment was done. This is mostly common with imports. Revision of data for the month preceding the one under review will normally show high values as compared to revisions for other months due to more goods (from the previous month) being released after final assessment.

#### **6.2 Concepts and Definitions**

**Domestic Exports:** These are goods originating from the compiling country, being permanently exported out of the country for consumption in the outside world. This includes products from customs inwards processing; for example, if a country imports wheat, processes the wheat into bread flour and exports the bread flour and bye products from the milling process, these will all leave the country as domestic exports.

**Re - Exports:** These are exports of foreign goods that were initially recorded as imports into the compiling country. These goods are exported in the same state that they came in except for wear and tear. An example will be re-exportation of a motor vehicle that was initially imported into the compiling country and after being used it is now being exported to a foreign country.

**Total exports:** This is the sum of domestic exports and re-exports

*Imports:* These are goods imported from the outside world, into the compiling country, for local consumption. This includes re-importation of locally produced goods that were initially exported and are now being imported back into the country.

**Trade Balance (Net Export):** This refers to the total value of goods exported minus the total value of goods imported by a given economy in a given period of time. A positive trade balance (trade surplus) indicates that a country is exporting more in value terms than it is importing. A negative trade balance (trade deficit) indicates that the country is importing more than it is exporting.

#### 6.3 Treatment of Diamonds from Aggregation Process

In July 2012, the Diamond Trading Company International which was undertaking aggregation of diamonds relocated from the United Kingdom to Botswana. This meant that the process of aggregation of diamonds was now to be done in Botswana. Following the relocation, initially it was not clear how this trade was to be recorded as there was no prior common understanding of the processes involved between all the relevant parties. After thorough discussions with key stakeholders, Statistics Botswana decided to record this trade as imports for processing and that export of the same after aggregation be recorded as direct permanent exports. This was based on IMTS 2010 Compilers' Manual (Page 225) and IMTS 2010 Concepts & Definitions; Page 16; Paragraph 1.20 concept that mixing of goods of different qualities to produce goods of a new quality is part of processing in compilation of IMTS.

## **6.3.1 Sorting out Diamonds imports**

These imports will mainly be from Canada, Namibia and South Africa. Some of these may include diamonds that were originally bought from Botswana and are now being sold back to Botswana. The original declaration will not indicate whether the consignment is a mixture of diamonds from various countries. However, a follow-up document, referred to as "attached document" will show a disaggregation of these imports according to the various countries that contributed to the consignment.

- In case the consignment was from one country, this will be recorded as imports into Botswana from that particular country
- II. In case the consignment was from various countries, the recording of these imports will be according to the various countries that contributed to the consignment
- III. If part of the consignment was originally from Botswana, that part is recorded as re-import and will form part of total imports.

## **6.3.2 Sorting out Diamonds exports**

These exports will be from the aggregation process and will consist of exports of Botswana origin and exports of diamonds that were originally imported. The original declaration will give an aggregated export which will be a consignment bought by an individual trader. This consignment will consist of diamonds of the same colour, shape and size but originating from various countries. The "attached document", giving a disaggregation of the consignment in value and carats by countries that contributed, will be used to record trade accordingly. As per IMTS 2010 Concepts & Definitions, goods resulting from processing are to be included in merchandise trade at their full value and as direct permanent exports (Domestic exports) in case they are exported (IMTS Concepts & Definitions; page 16, paragraph 1.20). As a result of this, diamonds that originated from outside Botswana as well as those originating from Botswana are recorded as direct permanent exports or domestic exports.

Both diamonds originating from Botswana and those that originated from elsewhere have always been recorded under Domestic Exports.

Values for diamonds that originated from elsewhere can be provided separately if needed.

#### **6.4 Exclusions from IMTS**

#### Goods in Transit

This is trade that is simply passing through the compiling country solely for the purpose of being transported to another country

#### Goods temporarily admitted or dispatched

These are goods that at the time of admission/dispatch, are intended to stay in the receiving country temporarily and that after their stay they will be returned in the same state. These goods include display equipment for trade fairs and exhibitions, commercial samples, means of transport, containers, equipment for working etc.

## Monetary Gold

This is gold to which the monetary authorities have title and is held as reserve assets.

#### Issued banknotes and securities and coins in circulation

These goods represent evidence of financial claims and are excluded from IMTS

The above list of exclusions from IMTS is however not exhaustive and only a few that are common, simple, straightforward and easy to understand have been picked as examples.