Preface

This catalogue of statistical publications contains information on Publications issued by Statistics Botswana (SB) from January to December 2019 period. All these publications are available on the SB website and SB Information Resource Centre which is open to the public.

Contact us at: info@statsbots.org.bw and http://www.statsbots.org.bw.
Consumer Price Index December 2018

**Periodicity:** Monthly  
**Pages:** 13  
**Published:** January 2019

The annual inflation rate in December 2018 was 3.5 percent, registering a drop of 0.3 of a percentage point on the November 2018 rate of 3.8 percent. The inflation rates for regions between November 2018 and December 2018 indicated that Cities & Towns declined to 4.2 percent from 4.7 percent, Urban Villages went down to 3.5 percent from 3.6 percent and Rural Villages also dropped to 2.5 percent from 2.6 percent.

Formal Sector Employment Survey September 2018

**Periodicity:** Quarterly  
**Pages:** 12  
**Published:** January 2019

The brief shows that overall, formal sector employment increased by 1.0 percent between June 2018 and September 2018 with Local Government recording the highest increase of 1.8 percent, followed by Central Government and Parastatals with 1.4 percent and 1.1 percent respectively. The increase in Local Government was mainly prompted by the increase in employment of the Ipelegeng Programme, recording an increase of 2.5 percent.

Work Permits Holders - Third Quarter 2018

**Periodicity:** Quarterly  
**Pages:** 14  
**Published:** January 2019

This brief shows that the number of work permit holders has decreased by 2.5 percent between June 2018 and September 2018, from 5,561 to 5,422. Most permit holders were recorded in the agricultural sector at 31.2 percent followed by the education sector with 19.9 percent. The largest group of work permit holders was issued to the age group 40 – 44 with 19.4 percent followed by ages 35- 39 and 30-34 at 18.3 and 17.0 percent respectively.
Vital Statistics Report 2017
Periodicity: Monthly
Pages: 66
Published: January 2019

The 2017 Vital Statistics report provides data on births, deaths and marriages. The birth registration rate stands at 94.7 while the rate for deaths trails behind at 74.5 percent. Only 6,203 marriages were solemnized in 2017 out of a population of about 2.2 million. The data were analysed by age of mother at birth, sex of the child, mother’s usual place of residence, place of birth, weight at birth, gestation period, age at death, sex of deceased, deceased usual place of residence, place of death, age at marriage, previous marital status, employment status etc.

Annual Agricultural Survey Report 2017
Periodicity: Annually
Pages: 92
Published: January 2019

In this report the cattle population dropped from 1.4 million in 2015 to 1.1 million in 2017. The decline in cattle population is attributed to an increase in cattle lost due to straying as well as stock theft. Cattle losses increased significantly from 48,571 in 2015 to 79,799 in 2017. This implies that most cattle are lost due to straying or theft. Cattle birth rate also decreased from 57.9 percent to 47.3 percent. However, the mortality rate declined from 7.1 percent to 5.9 percent and off-take rate also declined from 6.6 percent to 5.5 percent.

International Merchandise Trade Report November 2018
Periodicity: Monthly
Pages: 25
Published: January 2019

In November 2018, the report indicates that total imports were valued at P7,387.0 million while total exports were valued at P3,433.4 million, resulting in a trade deficit of P3,953.6 million. Total imports for November rose by 1.2 percent compared to the revised October 2018 value of P7,298.6 million. Diamonds contributed the most to total imports at 36.7 percent, followed by Fuel; Machinery & Electrical Equipment and Food, Beverages & Tobacco at 11.4 percent, 11.2 percent and 11.1 percent respectively. Diamonds constituted 82.4 percent of total exports during the period under review.
**Botswana Maternal Mortality Ratio 2017**

- **Periodicity:** Adhoc
- **Pages:** 12
- **Published:** 2019

The Stats brief shows that in 2017, there were 52,358 live births, of which 52,242 were institutional births, representing 99.8 per cent of all births. The report further shows that maternal mortality ratio which has been fluctuating over the years has declined from 156.6 deaths per 100,000 live births in 2016 to 143.2 deaths per 100,000 live births in 2017.

**International Merchandise Trade Statistics Monthly Digest- December 2018**

- **Periodicity:** Monthly
- **Pages:** 25
- **Published:** February 2019

The December 2018 monthly digest indicates that the total imports were valued at P4,585.6 million while total exports were valued at P5,083.0 million, resulting in a trade surplus of P497.4 million. Total imports for December declined by 38.4 percent compared to the revised November 2018 value of P7,440.3 million. Fuel contributed the most to total imports at 16.0 percent, followed by Food, Beverages & Tobacco; Machinery & Electrical Equipment; Vehicles & Transport Equipment and Chemicals & Rubber Products at 14.0 percent, 13.5 percent, 11.5 percent and 10.4 percent respectively. Diamonds constituted 91.0 percent of total exports during the period under review.

**International Merchandise Trade Statistics Annual Report 2016**

- **Periodicity:** Annually
- **Pages:** 60
- **Published:** February 2019

The International Merchandise Trade Statistic Annual report 2016 states that the imports were valued at P66,864.9 million, having decreased by 8.6 percent from the value of P73,191.9 million during the previous year. Exports recorded a value of P80,336.5 million compared to P63,484.3 million in 2015, giving an increase of 26.5 percent. The top four import commodity groups were Diamonds at 28.3 percent, Machinery & Electrical Equipment at 13.7 percent, Fuel at 12.9 percent and Food, Beverages & Tobacco at 11.2 percent. Diamonds and Copper & Nickel were the major export groups at 88.1 percent and 3.3 percent respectively, of total exports during the year.
Stats Update December 2018, June 2019, September 2019
Periodicity: Quarterly

The stats Update provides a selection of the key latest available statistics.

Tourism Statistics Annual Report 2017
Periodicity: Annually
Pages: 110
Published: March 2019

The Tourism Statistics Annual Report 2017 provides that the country received a total of 1,774,960 visitors, with 91.4 percent attributable to tourists (overnight visitors) while same day visitors accounted for 8.6 percent (152,372). An increase of 3.7 percent was recorded for the numbers of visitors during 2017. Visitors from Zimbabwe account for 33.4 percent while those from South Africa represented 32.9 percent of total visitors during the year.

Crime Statistics Report 2017
Periodicity: Annually
Pages: 39
Published: March 2019

According to the Crime Statistics Report, the year 2017 recorded 20.6 percent accused males aged 30-34, about 18 percent aged 35-39 and 16.9 percent aged 25-29 years. The chart further shows that for females the same age groups show higher percentages of accused as their male counterparts (chart 4). The findings show that the number of females accused is highest at age group 30-34 with 1.3 percent, a difference of 19.3 percentage points lower to their male counterparts. The accused males whose age was not specified was recorded at 1.0 and compared to 0.1 percent of their female counterparts. The accused who had neither their gender nor age stated was recorded at 2.7 percent.
Index of the Physical Volume of Mining Production Fourth Quarter 2018 Stats Brief
Periodicity: Quarterly
Pages: 13
Published: March 2019

The quarterly Physical Volume of Mining Production stats brief indicates that the Index of Mining Production stood at 95.3 during the fourth quarter of 2018, showing a year-on-year increase of 15.1 percent from 82.8 during the fourth quarter of 2017. The main contributor to the increase in the index was Diamonds having contributed 14.8 percentage points as shown in Table 2. The quarter-on-quarter analysis shows an increase of 9.4 percent from the index of 87.1 during the third quarter of 2018 to 95.3 observed in the reference period.

Electricity Generation and Distribution Fourth Quarter 2018 Stats Brief
Periodicity: Quarterly
Pages: 13
Published: March 2019

The quarterly Index of Electricity Generation (IEG) stats brief provides that the IEG stood at 107.7 during the fourth quarter of 2018, compared to 179.1 recorded during the corresponding quarter in 2017, giving a decrease of 39.8 percent year-on-year change. Comparison of the last two quarters of 2018 shows a decrease of 41.5 percent, from 184.3 during the third quarter to 107.7 during the current quarter.

Gross Domestic Product Fourth Quarter of 2018
Periodicity: Quarterly
Pages: 14
Published: March 2019

The Gross Domestic Product (GDP) Q4 2018 stats brief provides that the GDP for the quarter under review was P48, 491.6 million compared to a revised P48, 699.3 million registered during the previous quarter. This represents a quarterly decrease of 0.3 percent in nominal terms between the two periods. During the quarter under review, Trade, Hotels & Restaurants remained the major contributor to GDP by 19.8 percent, followed by Mining & quarrying, General Government and Finance & Business services at 15.8, 14.5 and 14.2
percent respectively. The contribution of other sectors was below 6.7 percent with Water & Electricity being the lowest at 1.0 percent.

**Transport & Infrastructure Stats Brief Q3 2018**

- **Periodicity:** Quarterly
- **Pages:** 39
- **Published:** March 2019

According to the Transport & Infrastructure Q3 2018 stats brief, the Vehicles registered for the first time in Q3 2018 were 14,158. Out of these first registrations, 83.3 percent were used vehicles, while 16.5 percent were brand new and 0.2 percent were rebuilt. Most (72.6 percent) of the vehicles came from Japan with 99.6 percent of them being used vehicles. The second highest number of vehicles came from South Africa accounting for 16.8 percent, with 81.5 percent of these vehicles being brand new.

**Tertiary Education Statistics 2018**

- **Periodicity:** Annually
- **Pages:** 165
- **Published:** April 2019

The Tertiary Education Statistics 2018 scope covers the entire national tertiary education system for all public and private institutions that were registered and accredited by Botswana Qualifications Authority for the 2017/18 academic year. This however excludes registered institutions which offer short courses with duration of up to 6 months. The Institutional census covered a total of 85 tertiary education institutions which is made up of 39 Higher Education Institutions (HEIs), 8 Technical Colleges and 38 Brigades. The Education and Training Providers (Higher education) enrolled a total of 53,450 students in 2017/18. There was 9.5% decrease in the number of students enrolled between 2016/17 and 2017/18. The highest enrolments of students were recorded in academic years 2013/14 and 2014/15 with an enrolment of 60,439 and 60,583 respectively.
Botswana Environment Statistics 2016

- **Periodicity:** Annually
- **Pages:** 90
- **Published:** April 2019

According to the Report, the wettest months during 2015/16 were January, February and March; with the highest monthly total rainfall of 214mm recorded in Kasane in March. These months fall within the rainy season of Botswana which starts in October and ends in March. The temperature in Botswana varies by region, with extremes in the north eastern and the south western regions. In 2015/16 the lowest mean monthly minimum temperature was recorded at Tsabong in July 2016, whilst the highest mean monthly maximum temperature was at Shakawe in October 2015.

Work Permits Holders Fourth Quarter 2018

- **Periodicity:** Quarterly
- **Pages:** 14
- **Published:** April 2019

The stats brief indicates that the total number of work permit holders that were valid as of the end of December 2018 was 5,605. Of these 4,929 (87.9 percent) were employees while 676 (12.1 percent) were self-employed. Overall, male work permit holders at 74.5 percent were higher than their female counterparts (25.5 percent).

Botswana in Figures 2017

- **Periodicity:** Annually
- **Pages:** 62
- **Published:** April 2019

Botswana in Figures is an annual publication containing social and economic statistics useful for policy purposes.
The Annual Consumer Price Index stats brief 2018 shows that on average, the All Items Index was 105.9 in 2018 compared to the 2017 average index of 102.6. This indicates that the cost of a fixed basket of goods and services, which was worth 102.6 units in 2017 had increased to the cost of 105.9 units in 2018. The average inflation rate was 3.2 percent in 2018 as opposed to 3.3 percent realized in 2017. This implies that the prices for goods and services in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) basket changed at a slower rate of 3.2 percent on average in 2018, compared to 3.3 percent in 2017. The fall in the average annual inflation rate of 3.2 per cent between 2017 and 2018 was mainly attributed to the drop by 0.5 percent of Food in 2018 compared to 3.4 percent in 2017.

According to the Transport & Infrastructure Stats Brief Quarter Q4 2018, motor vehicle first registrations stood at 15,130 vehicles in Q4 2018. Out of these, 83.8 percent were used vehicles while 16.1 percent were brand new and 0.1 percent were rebuilt. Most (72.9 percent) of the vehicles came from Japan and 99.6 percent of them were used vehicles. The second highest number of vehicles came from South Africa, they made up 16.2 percent of the total. Eighty point three (80.3) percent of vehicles from South Africa were brand new vehicles.

The report shows that between 2010 and 2011 there was a notable decrease in out-patient attendances; Notifiable diseases decreased from 86,655 in 2010 to 73,416 in 2011, STI's decreased from 318,109 in 2010 to 315,431 in 2011, ANC decreased from 372,019 in 2010 to 361,802 in 2011, other diseases/conditions decreased from 4,054,069 in 2010 to 3,763,685 in 2011, other services like Family
planning. Well baby care, Injection and Dressings also decreased. This decrease in out-patient attendees might be attributed to the 2011 Public Sector Unions strike. This disrupted service delivery in Health Facilities as some Health facilities staff were also on the strike.

**Formal Sector Employment Survey Stats Brief December 2018**

- **Periodicity:** Quarterly
- **Pages:** 14
- **Published:** May 2019

The brief shows that overall, formal sector employment has increased by 0.9 percent between September 2018 and December 2018 with Local Government recording the highest increase of 2.4 percent, followed by Central Government and Parastatals with 0.8 percent and 0.3 percent respectively. The increase in Local Government was mainly prompted by the increase in employment of the Ipelegeng Programme, recording an increase of 3.2 percent. Real Estate sector recorded an increase in the employment of 1.9 percent between the two quarters, followed by Transport & Communication with 0.5 percent increase in employment, Wholesale & Retail Trade and Hotels & Restaurants came third with 0.3 percent each. Employee earnings increased from P6,347 in September 2018 to P6,533 in December 2018, which is an increase of 2.9 percent.

**Primary Education Statistics Report 2015**

- **Periodicity:** Annually
- **Pages:** 116
- **Published:** June 2019

The Primary Education Report 2015 indicates that Primary schools are mainly owned by the Government, followed by those owned by individuals and private entities while a few are Government aided. In 2015 there were 826 primary schools (government and private) country wide. This shows 0.6 percent increase from 821 schools in 2014. Out of the 826 primary schools, 755 were Government owned; including Government aided, constituting 91.4 percent of the total number of schools, while private schools were 71, constituting only 8.6 percent of all primary schools in Botswana.
According to the Annual Education Report 2013, the 2013 pre-primary data was collected from 570 pre-primary schools. Out of these, 391 (68.6%) schools are owned by private companies and individuals, 68 (11.9%) schools belong to the community, 52 (9.1%) are owned by churches, 45 (7.9%) by NGOs, 12 (2.1%) are owned by the council while one pre-school was owned by an institution. This information is represented by figure 2.1 below.

The Index of Electricity Generation (IEG) stood at 184.8 during the first quarter of 2019, reflecting a year-on-year increase of 13.8 percent compared to 162.3 recorded during the corresponding quarter in 2018. The quarter-on-quarter comparison shows an increase of 71.5 percent, from 107.7 during the fourth quarter of 2018 to 184.8 during the current quarter.

In the first quarter of 2019 the Index of Mining Production stood at 89.6 showing a year-on-year increase of 3.1 percent from 86.9 during the first quarter of 2018. Comparison on a quarter-on-quarter basis shows a decrease of 6.0 percent, from the index of 95.3 realised during the fourth quarter of 2018 to 89.6 registered during the first quarter of 2019.
Transport & Infrastructure Stats Brief Quarter 1 2019

**Periodicity:** Quarterly  
**Pages:** 36  
**Published:** August 2019

The Quarter 1, 2019 transport & infrastructure stats brief reports that a total of 13,354 motor vehicles was registered for the first time in Q1 2019. Out of these first registrations, 80.4 percent were used vehicles while 19.5 percent were brand new and 0.1 percent were re-built. Most (71.6 percent) of the motor vehicles were imported from Japan with 99.5 percent of them being used vehicles. The second highest number of vehicles came from South Africa which accounted for 19.5 percent of the total, with 83.8 percent of them being brand new.

Statistical Year Book 2017

**Periodicity:** Annually  
**Pages:** 46  
**Published:** August 2019

The Statistical Year book contains a summary of key economic and social indicators for Botswana.

Information Technology Stats Brief Quarter 1, 2019

**Periodicity:** Quarterly  
**Pages:** 14  
**Published:** September 2019

In Q1 2019 the Fixed telephone line subscriptions increased marginally by 0.5 percent in Q1 2019 after having registered a total of 143,253 subscriptions in Q1 2019 from 142,481 subscriptions recorded in Q4 2018. Mobile cellular telephone subscriptions also grew during the quarter; they rose from 3,381,228 subscriptions in Q4 2018 to 5,073,369 subscriptions in Q1 2019, showing an increase of 50.0 percent.
Work Permit Holders Stats Brief Quarter 1, 2019

Periodicity: Quarterly  
Pages: 17  
Published: September 2019

This brief shows that the number of work permit holders has increased by 1.5 percent between December 2018 and March 2019, from 5,605 to 5,690. Most permit holders were recorded in the agricultural sector at 28.3 percent followed by the education sector with 15.7 percent. The largest group of work permit holders was the age group 40 - 44 with 18.0 percent followed by 35 – 39 and 45-49 at 17.9 and 17.3 percent respectively.

Botswana Transport & Infrastructure Statistics Report 2018

Periodicity: Annually  
Pages: 70  
Published: September 2019

In 2018, the number of road accidents recorded totalled 17,341 accidents, a decrease of 2.5 percent from 17,786 accidents recorded in 2017. On average road accidents declined by 1.1 percent from 2009 to date. They assumed a downward trend between 2009 and 2014 after declining by 3.3 percent on average over the six year period. In 2015 and 2016 road accidents went up but only to fall again in 2017 and 2018.

Electricity Generation and Distribution Stats Brief Quarter 2, 2019

Periodicity: Quarterly  
Pages: 14  
Published: October 2019

The stats brief reports that the Index of Electricity Generation (IEG) stood at 96.0 during the second quarter of 2019, reflecting a year-on-year decrease of 50.8 percent compared to 195.0 recorded during the corresponding quarter in 2018. The quarter-on-quarter comparison shows a decrease of 48.0 percent, from 184.8 during the first quarter of 2019 to 96.0 during the current quarter.
Index of the Physical Volume of Mining Production Stats Brief Quarter 2, 2019

Periodicity: Quarterly
Pages: 15
Published: October 2019

According to the stats brief, the Index of Mining Production stood at 85.9 during the second quarter of 2019, showing a year-on-year reduction of 8.7 percent from 94.0 recorded during the second quarter of 2018. Comparison on a quarter-on-quarter basis shows a decrease of 4.1 percent, from the index of 89.6 realised during the first quarter of 2019 to 85.9 registered during the second quarter of 2019.

Transport & Infrastructure Stats Brief Quarter 2, 2019

Periodicity: Quarterly
Pages: 42
Published: October 2019

In Q2 2019, goods transported through the railway decreased by 3.9 percent compared to Q1 2019. There was a decrease of goods transported through rail in almost all categories except total exports and transit traffic. Total revenue generated from the transportation of these goods amounted to P60.5 million in Q2 2019, which was a decrease of 3.4 percent compared to revenue realized in Q1 2019. Passengers carried by rail went down by 10.1 percent in Q2 2019 compared to Q1 2019.

Index of the Physical Volume of Mining Production Stats Brief Quarter 3, 2019

Periodicity: Quarterly
Pages: 15
Published: December 2019

In Q3 2019 the Index of Mining Production stood at 85.6 during the third quarter of 2019, showing a year-on-year decrease of 1.8 percent from the index of 87.1 recorded during the third quarter of 2018. Comparison on a quarter-on-quarter basis shows a decrease of 0.4 percent, from the index of 85.9 realised during the second quarter of 2019 to 85.6 registered during the third quarter of 2019.
Electricity Generation and Distribution Stats Brief Quarter 3, 2019

**Periodicity:** Quarterly  
**Pages:** 14  
**Published:** December 2019

The Index of Electricity Generation (IEG) in Q3 2019, stood at 111.3 during the third quarter of 2019, reflecting a year-on-year decrease of 39.6 percent compared to 184.3 recorded during the corresponding quarter in 2018. The quarter-on-quarter comparison shows an increase of 16.0 percent, from 96.0 during the second quarter of 2019 to 111.3 during the current quarter.

International Merchandise Trade Statistics Annual Report 2013/2014

**Periodicity:** Annually  
**Pages:** 51  
**Published:** December 2019

In 2014, Botswana received imports amounting to P72,427.1 million, having increased by 3.1 percent from the value of P70,219.1 million in 2013. Exports stood at P76,261.3 million in 2014, showing a rise of 14.8 percent from the value of P66,404.6 million recorded in 2013. As a result, in 2014, the country recorded a trade surplus of P3,834.2 million. During the year 2014, the top three imported commodity groups were Diamonds at 36.5 percent, Fuel at 15.0 percent and Machinery & Electrical Equipment at 11.4 percent. The top exported commodity groups were Diamonds and Copper & Nickel at 85.7 percent and 4.2 percent respectively.

Producer Price Index (Mining and Utilities) Quarter 2, 2019

**Periodicity:** Quarterly  
**Pages:** 11  
**Published:** December 2019

According to the Producer price index the Mining industry comprises of Coal, Diamond, Soda Ash, Gold, quarrying & sand. The Mining Producer Price Index moved to 99.2 in second Quarter of 2019, registering an increase of 10.0 percent from 90.2, which was recorded in the first Quarter of 2019. The increase was due to a rise in section indices of diamond and coal by 10.5 and 10.7 percent respectively. The Mining Producer Price Annual Inflation for the second quarter of 2019 dropped to a negative 6.3 percent compared to 6.9 percent recorded in the first quarter of 2019.
Gross Domestic Product Quarter 1-4, 2019
Periodicity: Quarterly

GDP at current prices stood at P197,268.7 million in 2019 compared to P190,365.3 million in 2018, recording an increase of 3.6 percent. Real GDP increased by 3.0 percent in 2019 compared to a 4.5 percent increase in 2018. The rise in real GDP was mainly attributed to Water & Electricity, Finance & Business Services and Transport & Communications industries which recorded an increase in value added of 6.3, 5.9 and 5.3 percent respectively. Water and Electricity value added at constant 2006 prices for the year 2019 was P1,031.7 million compared to P970.5 million registered in the previous year, recording an increase of 6.3 percent. In 2019, Electricity recorded a positive value added of P112.0 million compared to P57.5 million registered in the previous year.

International Merchandise Trade Statistics Monthly, January-December 2019
Periodicity: Monthly

Total Imports

Total imports in 2019 were valued at P70,594.6 million, having increased by 9.3 percent (P6,025.4 million) from the P64,569.1 million recorded during the year 2018. The increase in imports was mainly influenced by the upsurge in almost all commodity groups, except for Furniture and Textiles & Footwear. Diamonds contributed the most to the growth after rising by 9.2 percent (P1,685.8 million, from the value of P18,347.8 million in 2018 to P20,033.6 million during 2019. Another noticeable growth was recorded for Vehicles & Transport Equipment at 28.4 percent (P1,509.7 million), from P5,309.4 million in 2018 to P6,819.1 million in 2019. Imports of Food, Beverages & Tobacco also contributed to the rise by 13.7 percent (P1,084.0 million) from P7,918.7 million recorded in 2018 to P9,002.7 million in 2019.

Total Exports

Comparison of Total exports figure in 2018 to that in of 2019 shows a decrease of 16.2 percent (P10,887.7 million) from P67,171.5 million to P56,283.8 million. The drop in total exports was mainly attributed to almost all commodity group (except Iron & Steel products). Diamonds contributed greatest to the decrease at 15.6 percent (P9,401.6 million) from P60,411.1 million during 2018 to P51,009.5 million registered 2019. Machinery & Electrical Equipment is another commodity group which contributed to the fall, having declined by 20.3 percent (P394.1 million) from P1,938.4 million in 2018 to P1,544.2 million recorded during 2019.
Consumer Price Index January-December 2019

Periodicity: Monthly

The average annual inflation rate in 2019 was 2.8 percent, registering a drop of 0.4 of a percentage point on the 2018 rate of 3.2 percent. The average inflation rates for regions between 2018 and 2019 indicated that Cities & Towns decreased to 3.1 percent from 3.9 percent recorded in 2018, Rural Villages' dropped from 2.4 percent to 2.0 percent in 2019 while the Urban Villages' went down to 2.9 percent in 2019 from 3.0 percent recorded in 2018.